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AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

Listing of Claims:

1. (Currently amended) A method of interactively visualizing a three-dimensional data set of an object of interest, wherein the method allows for an interactive input, the method comprising the step of:

varying with a processor a rendering method in an image during the interactive input; wherein the variation of the rendering method causes a non-uniform quality of the image; and wherein the image is determined generated with the processor on the basis of the three-dimensional data set;

wherein, if there is an interactive input, the image is rendered with a varying rendering method in a pre-scan mode, and

wherein, if there is no interactive input, the image is re-rendered with a constant rendering method in a full-scan mode resulting in a maximum quality of the whole image.

- 2. (Currently amended) The method according to claim 1, wherein, if there is an interactive input, the image is rendered with the varying rendering method in [[a]] the pre-scan mode of a quality less than the quality of the whole image in the full-scan mode; and wherein, if there is no interactive input, the image is re-rendered with a constant rendering method in [[a]] the full-scan mode of a quality higher than the quality of the whole image in the pre-scan mode, resulting in a maximum quality of the whole image.
- 3. (Original) The method according to claim 2, wherein the variation of the rendering method comprises a variation of a sampling rate in the image during the interactive input; and wherein the variation of the sampling rate causes a non-uniform resolution of the image.

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- 4. (Original) The method according to claim 1, wherein the variation of the rendering method is performed on the basis of information acquired during rendering; and wherein the information comprises information concerning the interactive input.
- 5. (Original) The method according to claim 3, wherein the sampling rate comprises a first sampling rate and a second sampling rate; wherein a focus area defines a first area in the image; wherein the first area is sampled with the first sampling rate; and wherein a second area in the image is sampled with the second sampling rate.
- 6. (Original) The method according to claim 5, wherein a relative position of the focus area is movable with respect to the image by one of a user and an automatism based on information acquired during rendering.
- 7. (Original) The method according to claim 4, wherein the information comprises information selected from the group consisting of an estimation of a complexity of the data set, an availability of hardware resources, and an update speed required from a user.
- 8. (Original) The method according to claim 1, wherein the rendering includes a ray casting.
- 9. (Original) The method according to claim 8, wherein the variation of the sampling rate is performed along a ray applied in the ray casting.
- 10. (Currently amended) A data processing device, comprising: a memory for storing a three-dimensional data set of an object of interest;
- a data processor for performing an interactive visualization of the three-dimensional data set, wherein the interactive visualization allows for an interactive input, wherein the data processor is adapted for performing the following operation:

loading the three-dimensional data set; varying a rendering method in an image during the interactive input;

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wherein the variation of the rendering method causes a non-uniform resolution of the image; and

wherein the image is <u>determined</u> generated on the basis of the three-dimensional data set; and

wherein, if there is an interactive input, the rendering method is a pre-scan mode having a resolution less than a resolution of a full-scan mode; and

wherein, if there is no interactive input, the rendering method is in the full-scan mode.

- 11. (Currently amended) The data Data processing device according to claim 10, wherein, if there is an interactive input, the three-dimensional data set is rendered with the varying rendering method in a the pre-scan mode resolution less is less than a maximum resolution; and wherein, if there is no interactive input, the three-dimensional data set is re-rendered with a full rendering method in a the full-scan mode, resulting in a resolution is the maximum resolution of the whole image; and wherein the variation of the rendering method is performed on the basis of information acquired during rendering; and wherein the information comprises information concerning the interactive input.
- 12. (Currently amended) A scanner system, comprising:

a memory for storing a three-dimensional data set of an object of interest;

a data processor for performing an interactive visualization of the three-dimensional data set, wherein the interactive visualization allows for an interactive input, wherein the data processor is adapted for performing the following operation:

loading the three-dimensional data set;

varying a rendering method in an image during the interactive input;

wherein the variation of the rendering method causes a non-uniform quality of the image; and wherein the image is <u>determined generated</u> on the basis of the three-dimensional data set;

wherein, if there is an interactive input, the image is rendered with a varying rendering method in a pre-scan mode of a quality less than a maximum quality of the whole image, and

wherein, if there is no interactive input, the image is re-rendered with a constant rendering method in a full-scan mode resulting in the maximum quality of the whole image.

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13. (Original) A scanner system according to claim 12, wherein the scanner system is one of a CT scanner system and a MR scanner system.

14. (Currently amended) A computer<u>-readable medium program product containing instructions</u> for performing an interactive visualization of a three-dimensional data set of an object of interest, wherein the interactive visualization allows for an interactive input, wherein the computer program product causes instructions cause a data processor to perform the following operation when the computer program is instructions are executed on the data processor:

loading the three-dimensional data set;

varying a rendering method in an image during the interactive input;

wherein the variation of the rendering method causes a non-uniform quality of the image;

and

wherein the image is determined generated on the basis of the three-dimensional data set; wherein, if there is an interactive input, the image is rendered with a varying rendering method in a pre-scan mode of a quality less than the maximum quality of the whole image, and wherein, if there is no interactive input, the image is re-rendered with a constant rendering method in a full-scan mode resulting in the maximum quality of the whole image.

- 15. (New) The device of claim 10, wherein the variation of the rendering method comprises a variation of a sampling rate in the image during the interactive input; and wherein the variation of the sampling rate causes a non-uniform resolution of the image.
- 16. (New) The device according to claim 15, wherein the sampling rate comprises a first sampling rate and a second sampling rate; wherein a focus area defines a first area in the image; wherein the first area is sampled with the first sampling rate; and

wherein a second area in the image is sampled with the second sampling rate.

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17. (New) The device according to claim 16, wherein a relative position of the focus area is movable with respect to the image by one of a user and an automatism based on information acquired during rendering.

- 18. (New) The device according to claim 11, wherein the information comprises information selected from the group consisting of an estimation of a complexity of the data set, an availability of hardware resources, and an update speed required from a user.
- 19. (New) The method according to claim 1, wherein the image is generated from a single three-dimensional data set.
- 20. (New) The method according to claim 19, wherein the single three-dimensional data set includes data from a single imaging modality.